

Fourth Primary Education Development Program (PEDP-4)

Semi-Annual Environmental Monitoring Report

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH ENGINEERING

[A report on WASH facilities and its environmental impact under PEDP-4]



Primary Education Unit, DPHE, Dhaka

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July 2022 – Dec 2022

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ABBREVIATIONS & ACRONYMS

ADB : Asian Development Bank

DLI : Disbursement Linked Indicator

DP : Development Partner

DPEO : District Primary Education Officer

DPE : Directorate of Primary Education

DPHE : Department of Public Health Engineering

DTW : Deep Tube Well

EFA : Education For All

EMF : Environmental Management Framework

EU : European Union

GOB : Government of Bangladesh

GPE : Global Partnership for Education

IDA : International Development Association

JARM : Joint Annual Review Mission

JCM : Joint Consultation Meeting

JICA : Japan International Cooperation Agency

LGD : Local Government Division

MIS : Management Information System

MLGRD&C : Ministry of Local Government, Rural Development and Cooperatives

MoPME : Ministry of Primary and Mass Education

MOU : Memorandum of Understanding

PEDP-4 : Fourth Primary Education Development Program

QLEAP : Quality Learning for Education Access and Participation

RDPP : Revised Development Project Proforma

SDTW : Semi Deep Tube Well

SEC : Small Ethnic Community

STW : Shallow Tube Well

TSP : Tube Well with Submersible Pump

UNICEF : United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund

WB : World Bank



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The prime objective of PEDP-4 is to ensure an efficient, inclusive and equitable primary education system through a child friendly physical learning environment. Infrastructural development in terms of construction of class rooms and wash blocks, installation of safe drinking water points plays an important role in achieving the sustainable physical learning environment as well as ensuring holistic development of children. Department of Public Health Engineering (DPHE) is solely responsible to provide the water supply and sanitation facilities in the primary schools of Bangladesh. As per the approved revised DPP (RDPP) of PEDP-4 DPHE will install 20,000 new water points and construct 58,000 Wash Blocks in the primary schools of Bangladesh throughout the program tenure (July/2018 to June/2025) of 7 years. In addition, DPHE will conduct water quality tests of earlier installed water points (lists to be issued by DPE) and undertake major maintenance of wash blocks constructed during PEDP-3. From the beginning of the project until December 2022 DPHE installed a total of 9,336 new water points and constructed 13,510 Wash Blocks. Of them 1,668 water sources and 2,028 wash blocks were constructed during the reporting tenure. In addition, DPHE conducted major maintenance of 790 wash blocks. Contractors as well as DPHE officials worked hard to coping up with the new normal due to the covid-19 safety issues within the time frame.

The sole purpose of this study is to identify any concern or issue related to the environmental safeguard due to the construction of wash blocks, installation of water points and major maintenance of wash blocks from July' 2022 to December'2022. The study is based on the environmental safeguard screening conducted during planning, construction and post implementation stages. The screening format is prepared based on the MoPME approved EMF guidelines for PEDP-4. The screening included different environmental safeguard indicators such as loss of agricultural land, blockage in the drainage system, instance of water logging, provision for access to safe drinking water, provision of hand washing and hygiene facilities etc.

The screening was conducted by DPHE officials i.e. Sub-Assistant Engineers at the Upazilla level which was duly verified in district level by the Supervision Consultants, Executive Engineers and compiled in DPHE headquarter. It cannot be denied that COVID-19 situation slowed down the overall construction and implementation progress. However, the environmental monitoring screening confirmed no significant instances or issues that may hamper or influence the environmental safety during the reporting tenure. Being an implementing agency, DPHE would like to uphold this status in its ongoing and upcoming works related to infrastructural development.



1. Introduction

Bangladesh, a country with its astonishing economic boom has cherished the golden jubilee of its independence. For a rapidly developing country like Bangladesh, it is utmost important to ensure holistic development of the children which includes both intellectual and emotional development in such a manner that they can uphold the nation from all aspect. This has been eloquently articulated in the Constitution of Bangladesh as well. Fourth Primary Education Development Program (PEDP-4) is the continuation of Government's approach in thriving the excellence of children through the fulfillment of several distinct milestones including construction of need-based infrastructures for sanitation and water supply. The program is supported by significant contributions from Government as well as Development Partners (DPs). Department of Public Health Engineering (DPHE) under Local Government Division (LGD) of Ministry of Local Government, Rural Development and Cooperatives (MLGRD&C) is involved in the capacity of implementation partner to provide the quality water supply and sanitation facilities in the primary schools of Bangladesh. As per MoU signed in between DPE and DPHE and as per revised DPP (RDPP) of PEDP-4, DPHE will perform the following activities in the project tenure with an aim to provide safe drinking water and sanitation services in the primary schools under PEDP-4.

- ➤ Install 20,000 new drinking water sources in the primary schools.
- > Replace/repair drinking water sources (if necessary).
- Water quality testing of 65,000 water points installed earlier.
- Construction of 58,000 new Wash Blocks in 29,000 primary schools.
- Major maintenance of 10,000 wash blocks constructed in PEDP3.
- Installation of water supply and sanitation facilities in the DD, DPEO, URC, PTI.
- > Operation and maintenance (O/M) of water points.

2. Purpose of current report

The basic intent of this report is to identify and resolve any anticipated environmental safeguard issues that may arise during the installation of water sources or construction of Wash Blocks in the primary schools of Bangladesh. This report will encompass and summarize the findings of the environmental screening conducted during the installation of water points and construction of Wash Blocks in the primary schools of Bangladesh from the tenure of July'22 to December'22. During implementation of the project, environmental monitoring screening was conducted based on the Environmental Management Framework (EMF) of PEDP-4. The purpose of this report is listed below.

> To modify some of the tools based on the experiences gained from PEDP-3 to ensure that neither the infrastructure (both in terms of needs and quality at primary schools) nor the environment is compromised through the program intervention.



- > To ensure that envisaged purpose of PEDP-4 is achieved and result in desired benefits without adversely affecting the environmental resources.
- > To avoid potentially adverse environmental impacts and enhance environmental outcomes so that the program is expected to have limited and minimum adverse environmental impacts.
- > To address any grievances originated from the implementation of the project.
- ➤ To establish the mechanism to determine and assess future potential environmental impacts of WASH infrastructure that are to be identified and cleared based on a community demand driven process and to set out mitigation, monitoring and institutional measures to be taken during implementation and operation of the WASH infrastructure to eliminate adverse environmental impacts or to reduce them to acceptable limits.

3. Indicators of environmental safeguard as per EMF under PEDP-4

This report covers different distinct environmental monitoring indicators based on the approved EMF of PEDP-4. Principles relevant to the environmental management of WASH (Water Supply, Sanitation and Hygiene) in PEDP-4 are mentioned below.

- Annual water quality monitoring of all the installed tube-wells under PEDP-3 will be carried out to ensure safe drinking water facilities to the students and teachers.
- Provision for adequate sanitation facilities for the teachers and students will be made and the mechanism for regular cleaning, routine and major maintenance will be implemented.
- To solve the drinking water problem in remote hilly and coastal areas, rainwater harvesting and other feasible options will be explored.
- To address the post COVID-19 crisis for adaptation to the new normal.

In general, the following indicators require to be monitored during the planning, construction and post-implementation phases.

- i) Losses of agricultural lands
- ii) Drainage congestion/water logging
- iii) Surface water pollution
- iv) Dust and noise pollution
- v) Safe distance between tube-wells and sanitary latrines
- vi) Occupational health hazards and safety practices
- vii) Maintenance of water supply and sanitation facilities
- viii) Maintenance of air and water quality
- ix) Management of surrounding ecosystem and biodiversity (if any) etc.
- x) Ensure that COVID safety protocols are well adhered.

A thorough screening on the above indicators were carried out during the reporting tenure.



4. Methodology

With an aim to investigate the impact of infrastructural development on environmental safeguard, a through screening was carried out in the respective primary schools by the concerned sub-assistant engineers of DPHE. The screening results were duly verified by the respective assistant engineers and a database was prepared at Upazilla level. Executive engineers at district level complied the verified database obtained from Upazilla level and sent them to DPHE Head Quarter at the MIS (Management Information System) unit, where the database was finally compiled and report was prepared under the supervision of focal point of PEDP-4.

Data for environmental safeguard screening during the installation of water sources and maintenance of Wash Blocks have been collected from the schools through DPHE official sources using the structured format (copy enclosed in Appendix-1 of this report). Data collected from grass root level have been entered into 'Master Environmental Survey Outcome' Spreadsheet by MIS UNIT and kept structured for database and reporting. A flow diagram of the screening method is depicted in Fig. 1.

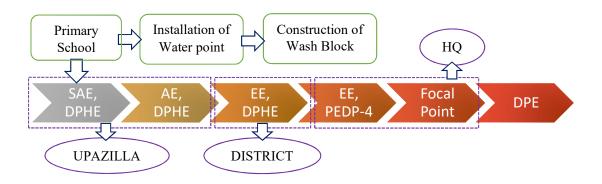


Fig. 1 Method of environmental safeguard screening

5. Role of DPHE in comprehensive monitoring

The subcomponents (sub component 2.3 and 2.4) of PEDP-4 especially the infrastructural implementation is comprehensively monitored by several parties from commencement to operational phase. Fig.2 shows the monitoring scheme in PEDP-4 operated by different agencies. Being an implementing agency, DPHE is involved significantly from construction till post-construction monitoring. Role of DPHE is depicted in Fig.3. It can be noted that the defect liability period for installed water points and constructed wash blocks are 02 and 01 year respectively. This implies that contractor is responsible to rectify any sort of defects within this time frame counting from the date of handover of tube well and wash block. In order to get a clear picture of ongoing and completed works, DPHE district office arranges monthly monitoring meeting with all concerned officers and staffs of that district. Executive Engineers thus address the issues of monitoring to the assistant/ sub assistant engineers monthly. Officers of concerned district used to visit the site frequently in order to monitor



the ongoing and completed works and also focus on the environmental safeguard aspect. Visit from Focal Point's Office and DPHE Head quarter happens frequently.

DPHE district office arranges coordination meeting between DPHE (EE, AE, and SAE) and DPE officials (DPEO, UEO) in every 3 months. A glimpse of the co-ordination meeting is depicted in Fig. 4 which was organized by Executive Engineer, DPHE of Narayanganj district. In this meeting, officers from department of primary education point out the necessity of monitoring of particular school which are immediately addressed by DPHE officials. Besides these, to get better insight and ensure quick action, DPHE has introduced a new system of arranging monthly meeting between DPHE officials and Headmasters of Primary School during this reporting tenure as a part of routine monitoring process. In addition, mechanics of DPHE upazilla headquarters repair the tube wells in an urgent basis when they are called for doing from the concerned school in order to ensure that the running water supply are fully operational.

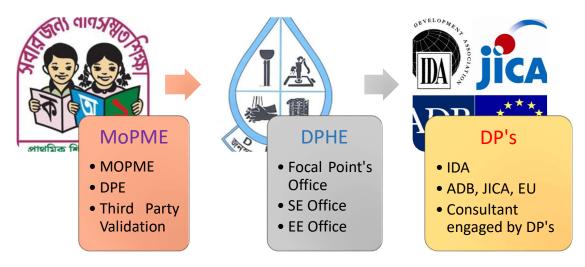


Fig. 2 Monitoring scheme in PEDP-4

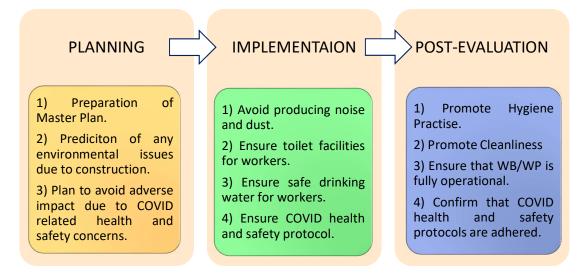


Fig. 3 Role of DPHE in environmental monitoring





Fig. 4 Co-ordination meeting between DPE & DPHE Officials at Narayanganj district

DPHE arranges caretaker training and provides MoPME approved 'Maintenance Manual' to the concerned schools during the handover of water points and wash blocks which covers post construction issues. Contact numbers of DPHE officials (mechanics and assistant/sub-assistant engineers) are provided to the concerned schools so that any relevant issues can be addressed accordingly. Moreover, DPHE looks after the tube wells which have already passed the defect liability period of 02 (two) years. According to the order of Chief Engineer, DPHE (memo no. 1066, dated: 16/09/2013), the packages where the defects liability period is over, DPHE will still repair the tube wells within 72 hours of receiving information provided that the concerned school bears the expense of spare parts from routine maintenance.

6. Capacity building

During the implementation of PEDP-3, a ToT (Training of the Trainers) was conducted by the World Bank among DPE, DPHE and LGED officials. The purpose was to introduce the proposed framework for environmental and social safeguard under PEDP-3 along with the importance of conducting rigorous monitoring. In addition, screening method was agreed and confirmed based on targeted outcomes. DPHE officials (Executive Engineers, Senior Assistant Engineers and Assistant Engineers) who received ToT provided trainings to the sub-assistant engineers and mechanics in the district and upazilla level who eventually filled in the environmental screening forms in the grass root level. In PEDP-4, a revised framework is adopted for both environmental and social safeguard. The basic changes are little but elaborate in comparison to that of PEDP-3. On December 5, 2021 ADB



conducted a short virtual training workshop on Occupational, Community and COVID-19 Health and Safety Management at the Construction works. Officials, consultants and contractors of both DPHE and LGED attended the training workshop. Although the duration of the training was short, it was effective and guided the participants with valuable insights related to construction safety and COVID-19 health and safety management at construction site.

On May 31, 2022, a meeting on the revision of the latest EMF and SMF was held virtually. The meeting was arranged by DPE and presided over by ADG (PEDP4), DPE. Members from DP's consortium and government officials attended the meeting. The meeting came up with several modification decisions on the existing EMF and SMF which is expected to be included in the revised EMF and SMF. In order to identify the key differences of revised EMF and SMF to that of original EMF and SMF of PEDP-3, newly designed training should be carried out by the experts (from both GoB and DP's) who had inputs during the preparation of revised EMF and SMF. Recently (December 8, 2022), during the QLEAP mission importance of training of the trainees were discussed. It was decided that the existing environmental and social safeguard framework will be revised with an agreed setup by DPE and TA support from the development partners.

During the reporting tenure, DPHE master trainers from Head Quarter and circle Head Quarter (who received ToT during PEDP-3) conducted day long circle level meetings to expedite the works related to the construction of wash blocks and installation of water sources and for the smooth implementation of construction work by adhering the guidelines of both revised EMF and SMF and COVID-19 health and safety protocol. Photo of such circle level meeting from Barishal is depicted in Fig.5. Thus, the trained engineers try and function as peer educators to educate the site workers and contractors. A summary of training and capacity building activities during the reporting tenure is tabulated below.

Table 1 Training and capacity building activities during July/2022-December/2022

Training Title	Date	Venue	Training Details		o. of cipants
				Male	Female
Supervision and Construction Quality	28/08/2022	DPHE Gazipur Division	Training on on-job issues such as Civil / Water Supply / Sanitary /	8	4
Control under PEDP4/GPS/NNGPS	02/09/2022	DPHE Khulna Division	Plumbing related issues in accordance with revised EMF, SMF	18	2
Project	09/09/2022	DPHE Nilphamari Division	and COVID-19 New Normal	14	-
	26/10/2022	DPHE Narayanganj Division		11	1
	26/11/2022	DPHE Jashore Auditorium		75	4
	03/12/2022	DPHE Barishal Auditorium		78	7
	204	18			
	Cumulative Nu	mber of Training from t	the beginning of the project till date =	4	40





Fig. 5 SE, DPHE, Barishal Circle and other high officials attending co-ordination meeting

7. Environmental safeguard screening by DPHE (July'2022 – Dec'2022)

It cannot be denied that COVID-19 situation slowed down the overall construction and implementation progress. But with restrictions being lessened, DPHE has quickly adapted to the new normal by developing a comprehensive COVID-19 Site Operating Procedure (SOP) alongside several site and task specific risk assessments. DPHE constructed and installed a total of 13,510 wash blocks and 9,336 water points till date from the beginning of this project. Among these, a total of 2,028 wash blocks and 1,668 water points were installed and handed over during the reporting tenure of July'2022 to Dec'2022. In addition, DPHE finished the monitoring of 15,000 water points (installed in PEDP3) and currently undertaking monitoring of 25,000 additional water points for arsenic contamination. All these works were monitored based on approved Environmental Monitoring Framework (EMF) for PEDP-4. Table-2 summarizes the list of DPHE implemented works where screening for environmental safeguard was carried out.

Table 2 Progress of work under PEDP-4, DPHE

Table 2 Hogiess of work under 1 ED1 -4, DTHE							
Scope of Work	FY 19-20	FY 20-21	FY 21-22	July'22- Dec'22	Total		
Construction of Wash Block	-	6,760	4,722	2,028	13,510		
Installation of Water Sources	240	4,401	3,027	1,668	9,336		
Maintenance of Wash Block	689	4,010	1,663	790	7,152		
Water Quality Monitoring	-	-	15,000	-	15,000		



This report focuses on the construction work from the tenure of July'2022 to Dec'2022. During this period, not only new wash blocks were constructed and water points were installed, major maintenance of 790 wash blocks which were constructed during PEDP-3 were carried out. Furthermore, monitoring of 25,000 water points installed during PEDP-3 were undertaken for arsenic contamination. The status of the water points and wash blocks received through the monitoring survey is given in following subsections. A list of random monitoring visit from DPHE Head Quarter is listed in Table below.

Table 3 Monitoring visits from DPHE Head Quarter during the reporting period

Sl. No.	Name of subproject	Location	No. of WB/WS	Date of Inspection
1	Construction of Wash Block (WB)	Khulna	22	07/06/2022 - 10/06/2022
2	Installation of Water Supply (WS)	Gazipur	35	05/09/2022 - 08/09/2022
3	Construction of Wash Block (WB)	Nilphamari	18	09/09/2022 - 11/09/2022
4	Construction of Wash Block (WB)	Faridpur	26	12/10/2022 - 15/10/2022
5	Construction of Wash Block (WB)	Narayanganj	23	26/10/2022 - 28/10/2022
6	Construction of Wash Block (WB)	Rangpur	46	12/11/2022 - 16/11/2022

^{**} In addition, frequent monitoring visit from respective EE Office and AE/SAE offices happen during the reporting tenure.

8. Outcomes of environmental safeguard screening

8.1 Influence of type of water point

Planning from the lessons learnt in PEDP-3

It is fact that, DPHE installed water points of different options such as Deep Tube Well (DTW), Shallow Tube Well (STW), Tara Tube well, Ring Well (RW), Pond Sand Filter (PSF), Rain Water Harvesting (RHW) in PEDP-3 based on the variation in geological formation, position of aquifer /water table, saline water intrusion etc. However, all those options have certain advantages as well as multiple drawbacks. The common of which is the ease of availability of water from source and their familiarization and user friendliness to the young users.

Mitigation Measures Suggested (MMS):

In order to mitigate the concerns and to make the water sources more popular and user friendly, DPHE installed Tube well with Submersible Pump (TSP) in the primary schools where deep tube well (depth >200m) is required to be installed under PEDP-4 due to ground geology. This option has special features such as-

- > Running water supply with storage facility.
- ➤ Multiple users can access at the same time.
- > Promote hygiene practice through safe hand washing.



Comment:

Installation of tube well with submersible pump added values to its user especially young user which eventually <u>increases the easy access to safe drinking water result in health benefit</u> as well as diminishes water logging and drainage problem.

8.2 Distribution of water points based on installed depth

DPHE installed tube wells of varying depth in different primary schools of Bangladesh considering the geological formation of respective district. Although the depth of tube well depends on the suitable water layer, all the tube wells installed in the reporting tenure can be broadly categorized into five distinct types based on the depth of tube well. Fig. 6 depicts the classification of tube wells based on depth. As shown in Table 2, a total of 1,668 nos. of water points were installed under PEDP4 during the reporting tenure. It is clear from Fig. 6 that 48% tube wells were installed at a greater depth of 275m or more which is considered as deep tube well. Around 18% tube wells were installed in shallow depth (<65m). Tube wells installed in between 65m to 275m are also deep tube wells and this percentage is second highest (34%) amongst all the installed water points.

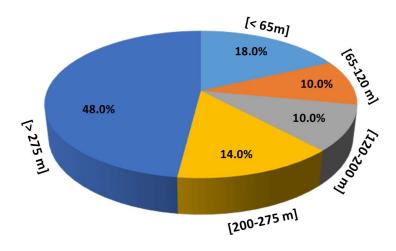


Fig. 6 Distribution of Water Points based on Depth of Boring

8.3 Countrywide distribution of water sources & wash blocks

Countrywide distribution of tube wells and wash blocks were analyzed and division wise categorization for water source and wash block is depicted in Figs. 7 and 8 respectively. Fig. 7 depicts the equity in distribution of water sources. Among the total installed water points, the highest number was installed in Rajshahi division followed by Chattogram and Sylhet division while the minimum number of water points was installed in Mymensingh division. This is as per need assessment criteria and approved list issued by DPE based on approved IPG.



Fig. 8 reflects the countrywide distribution of wash blocks depending on the number of districts and upazillas in each division. The maximum number of wash blocks were constructed in the Dhaka, Chattogram, Rangpur, Khulna division as these divisions cover maximum districts. The lowest number of wash blocks (646) was constructed in Mymensingh division as it is the smallest division of Bangladesh and thus, equity in distribution is justified.

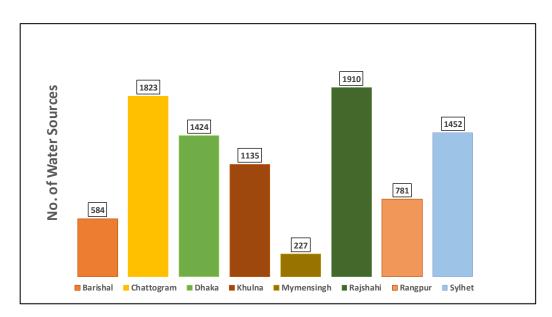


Fig. 7 Countrywide distribution of water points

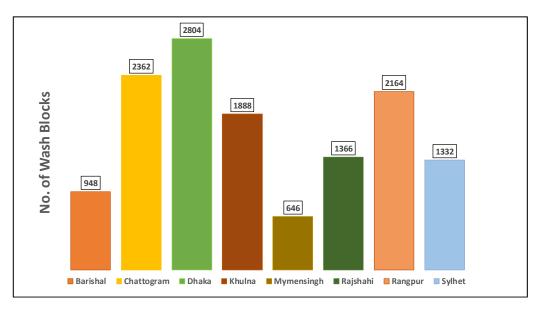


Fig. 8 Countrywide distribution of wash blocks



Wash Block is serving as a unique unit of hygiene practice for the school children as well as for teachers. Its impact on environment is high as it helps to promote hygiene as well as safe and clean school environment. Open defecations and urination practices decreases and confirms better health through improved washing facilities. On the other hand, tube well ensures safe drinking water for the school children as well as for the teachers.

8.4 Loss of agricultural land

During the preparation of site plan/ master plan it was the prime focus that the installation of the new water supply facility does not preclude the use of existing agricultural lands. No loss of agricultural lands was recorded from the environmental screening survey conducted for the water points installed from July'22 to December'22. Similarly, construction of wash block was carried out in those schools where land is owned by the respective school. Furthermore, prior to the construction of either wash block or installation of water sources, it was confirmed that the master plan was prepared by the MoMPE approved committee. In some cases, (approximately 1% of total construction) design and arrangement of wash blocks were modified based on the prevailing site condition keeping the floor area similar. However, the overall process of construction of wash block did not require purchase of new land from school which ensured no loss of agricultural land.

8.5 Environment of water supply facility

In case of water points 'Clean Environment' refers to the surrounding of the installed water option. If the surrounding environment is not dirty and/or not covered with algae, then it would be referred to as 'Clean'. Post installation monitoring of all water points have been conducted. Clean environment was found in 99% of the total water points. It can be noted that due to the provision of basin type water points, water logging and or other problems related to dirty environment have been dramatically reduced than that observed during the environmental screening of other types of tube well installed in PEDP-3 program.

Mitigation Measures Suggested (MMS):

During the monitoring phase, mitigation measures were suggested to the concerned school such as cleaning of basin, removal of leaves and other utensils that causes blockage of the drains etc. Because of taking mitigation measures, caretakers' training during commissioning and trial run and routine maintenance during monitoring phase, environment of water supply facility improves to 100% from 99%.

8.6 Surface Water Pollution:

Both the water sources and wash blocks were installed in such a manner that they do not adversely pollute the surface water. The environmental screening of all 2,028 Wash Block and 1,668



Water Points installed from July'22 up to December'22 revealed that they did not pollute any

8.7 Facilities for draining out of water

surrounding water bodies.

From the lessons learnt during the environmental screening in PEDP-3, DPHE took initiative in solving the water logging problem by adopting different measures.

- 1) Pipe out used water to the existing drains.
- 2) Construction of 5 user water collection basin having 50mm dia. PVC washout pipe. Fig. 9. Shows a newly constructed 5 outlet hand washing basins under PEDP-4.
- 3) Use of 5 ring soaks well to drain out basin water where surface drain is absent.



Fig. 9 water collection basin of 5 outlet

As because, DPHE local office took initiative in solving the drainage issue, it has been observed that, the water logging problem is insignificant compared to that in PEDP-3. However, it is revealed that out of 1,668 water sources about 0.48% had the problem of water logging. The reasons observed are mainly lack of cleanliness which created blockage of drainage pipe by wastes like paper, tree leaves, mud etc. It is hence suggested that, SMC needs to look after this issue and run regular cleanliness program in the water collection basin and drains.

8.8 Source of Existing Water Supply

During preliminary survey it was found that, out of 1,668 schools 77% did not have their own active water option. 43% of them used the facility of their neighborhood. Though 23% schools have their own tube wells, yet those tube wells were found as non-functional or did not provide sufficient water during dry season. From the lessons learnt during the environmental screening in PEDP-3, DPHE took initiative in solving the above problem by installing new tube wells with submersible pump but at different depth as appropriate to the site geology.



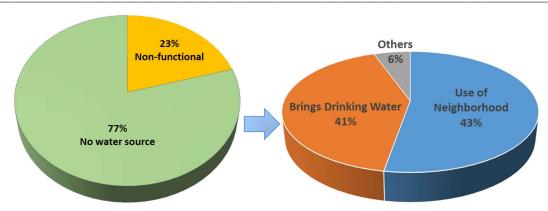


Fig. 10 Assessment of schools where new water points were installed

8.9 Water Quality test in Laboratory

Water testing facilities in DPHE zonal laboratory:

It is fact that DPHE has a permanent set up of 13 laboratory buildings including a central laboratory at Mahakhali, Dhaka. Recently, DPHE completed the set-up of 52 laboratory buildings in 52 districts which confirmed the establishment of zonal laboratories in all districts to expedite the water quality monitoring. These newly established laboratories are equipped with modern machineries so that all relevant water quality parameters can be monitored.

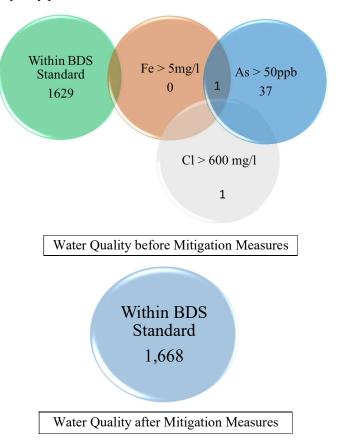


Fig. 11 Water Quality test result at a glance



Water Quality report of those 39 unacceptable water sources and suggested alternative option along with retest result is summarized in Table 4 of Appendix-7. Fig. 11 shows the diagrammatic presentation of water quality test results. In addition, ample field tests were conducted in those schools during post monitoring phase by DPHE by using field kit which re-confirmed the DPHE laboratory test results. A sample copy of water test result is provided in Appendix-3 and water quality test report for 39 unacceptable water sources have been presented in Appendix-7. A summary of water quality monitoring report is provided in Table 4.

Table 4 Summary	of Water	Ouality	Monitoring	Result

Table 4 Summary of Water Quanty Montoring Result						
Sl.		Water Quality not Satisfactory			Remarks	
No.	District	Fe > 5mg/L	Cl > 600mg/L	As > 0.05mg/L	Total	List of 'Not Satisfactory' water sources are given in Appendix-7 and
1.	Sunamganj	1	0	24	26	Actions taken for the water sources
2.	Chuadanga	0	0	10	10	where water quality is not satisfactory are listed in Table 2 of
3.	Brahmanbaria		1	4	4	Appendix-7.
	Total =	1	1	38	40*	

^{* 1} water sources out of 40 have contamination of both either Iron and Arsenic; resulting the total no of water sources as = (40-1) = 39 [For details please refer to Appendix 5].

Mitigation Measures suggested for water sources having unsatisfactory water quality results:

In cases where arsenic/iron/chloride is found beyond allowable BDS standard in installed water sources, DPHE adopts other approved alternate water options. DPHE goes for options like deep tube well of greater depth, ring well, pond sand filter, rain water harvesting, Reverse Osmosis Filter, AIRP, Small box type AIRP etc. whichever is feasible. In some cases, if all the options in hand fails, i.e., boring in greater depth becomes impossible, arsenic is found even in deep tube well and none other option is feasible, DPHE has started implementing 'SONO Filter' as well. DPHE upazilla offices will arrange and install the said filter in those water sources whichever is feasible, convenient and justified. In addition, water from those sources will be further tested and declared safe if found well







Fig. 12 Different Suggested Improved Filtration Technologies



below the BDS standard of drinking water. Fig. 12 shows some of the suggested filtration technologies.

It is fact that, in the reporting tenure a total of 39 water sources were found to have water quality concerns with excessive iron, chloride or arsenic. For all the said 39 water points, options like **Reverse Osmosis (RO)** were installed and filtered water was tested in DPHE zonal Laboratories. The water sources were handed over to the respective schools once the water quality results were found satisfactory. Water quality test results are summarized in Table 2 of Appendix 7.

8.10 Routine Water Quality Monitoring

As per MoU signed in between DPE and DPHE in September 15, 2019, DPHE will conduct water quality monitoring of 65,000 water points installed earlier in PEDP-3 with an aim to provide arsenic free safe drinking water in the primary schools of Bangladesh. It has been decided that 90% of the tests will be conducted in field by utilizing field test kits for arsenic and the rest 10% will be conducted in DPHE zonal laboratory. Due to COVID-19 pandemic, schools were closed which is why the field tests could not be conducted in the financial year 2020-2021. However, all the test kits were bought and well preserved by DPHE in order to conduct the field tests as soon as the schools re-open.

Soon after the re-opening of the schools, steps were taken to conduct water quality screening of 15,000 water points as selected by DPE. In the previous EMR and SMR [Jul'21-Dec'21] test results of those 15,000 water points were reported which indicated 1.44% arsenic contamination. In addition, it was confirmed that water of 98.56% of 15,000 installed tube wells in PEDP-3 are drinkable. DPHE officials immediately took steps in stopping the water intake from these contaminated water points.

On 3rd May, 2022 DPE issued a list of 25,000 water sources installed in PEDP-3 for routine water quality monitoring. All the received school lists are sent to the concerned EE Office and the routine water quality monitoring program is currently underway. <u>Tenders have been called upon to purchase field arsenic testing kit by DPHE Central Laboratory and the evaluation of the received tenders are ongoing.</u>

8.11 Hand washing facility and Hygiene Promotion

Prior to the installation of water sources, hand washing of students before and after meal especially mid-day meal and after using toilet was a matter of concern. As a result, students were more susceptible to diseases which triggered the absence of students from school. Besides these, newly constructed wash blocks with modern interior facility will surely create enthusiasm among children for the best utilization of wash blocks. A glimpse of wash block interior is shown in Fig 13.

Mitigation Measures Suggested (MMS):



Working with the moto of 'clean hand, safe hand' DPHE confirmed the installation of tube wells with running water supply by provision of submersible pump in all the above-mentioned schools during the reporting tenure. Construction of wash basin for hand washing (Fig.9) ensured total hand washing facilities in the school. Due to the global pandemic situation, although regular hygiene promotion activities could not be conducted yet monthly coordination meeting with DPE officials, TEO, ATEO and Primary School Headmasters is the indication of intensity of preparation for hygiene activities.



Fig. 13 Modern Interior of Wash Blocks

8.12 COVID-19 Reality, School Re-Opening and New Normal

Countries all over the world are trying new ways of softening or partially lifting COVID-19 related restrictions while keeping the virus progression in check. In this challenging time, the future of education depends on the provision of water, sanitation and hygiene services. So, Hygiene Promotion has been emerged as an issue of particular concern when considering reopening of schools.

In order to confirm adequate hygiene practise, DPHE district and upazilla level officers monthly conduct sessions related to hygiene promotion activities with TEO, ATEO and Primary School Headmasters in the schools or DPHE district offices. All these activities put positive sign to the improvement of total environment. Prior to the re-opening of the schools DPHE district offices and Upazilla offices conducted disinfection of school premises and maintenance of wash blocks and water sources as and where required. Besides these all the construction activities regarding construction of wash blocks, maintenance of wash blocks and installation of water sources are constructed following the guidelines by Ministry of Local Government, Rural Development and Cooperatives (Appendix-5).

8.13 Miscellaneous observations

During the implementation phase, two basic standards were maintained.



- 1) Ensure at least a distance of 10m between water points and leach pit/soak well/septic tank etc.
- 2) Ensure that the water collection basin is not clogged by paper, dry leaves, mud etc.

During monitoring phase, these options were found to be maintained properly.

8.14 Summary of observations

The post installation monitoring of all 2,028 Wash Blocks and 1,668 water points confirmed no major concern or significant issues that can cause adverse environmental impact. Table 5 summarizes some other environmental issues observed during survey of Water points/ Wash Blocks.

Table 5 Important environmental issues observed

Issues/Environment Criteria	Findings from the	Findings from the
	Survey for all TWs	Survey for all WBs
Is the TW installed?	Yes	Yes
Is the existing TW working?	Yes	Yes
Was the installed TW water tested?	Yes	Yes
Is Arsenic < 50ppb?	Yes	Yes
Is Iron <1 mg/l, for iron prone area up to 5 mg/l [Based on	Yes	Yes
Water Quality Monitoring and Surveillance Protocol for		
Running Water Supply System in Bangladesh by DPHE,		
Appendix-8]		
Is $Cl \le 600$ mg/l, for coastal area up to 1000 mg/l [Based	Yes	Yes
on Water Quality Monitoring and Surveillance Protocol		
for Running Water Supply System in Bangladesh by		
DPHE, Appendix-8]		
Loss of agricultural land?	No	No
Negative effect on flora/fauna?	No	No
Conflicts with water supply, right?	No	No
Any potential health risks?	No	No
Is there provision of separate toilet for male and female?	N/A	Yes
Is there provision for adequate ventilation?	N/A	Yes
Is there provision for disabled children?	N/A	Yes

<u>Note:</u> Only the particular water source that met the drinking water quality in the laboratory test is handed over to the primary school authority. DPHE preserves all the testing report in the MIS cell.

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8.15 Positive environmental impact

The outcomes of the environmental screening as discussed in the previous subsections pointed out the achievement of following positive impacts through the implementation of revised EMF and SMF during the construction works under PEDP-4.

- Regular WASH related programs such as hygiene promotion through hand washing campaign not only increased the personal safety of students but also spread the positive vibe in the surrounding society which is now the key lessons for the inhabitants to fight against COVID-19.
- 2) Through the assurance of contamination free safe water sources in the said primary schools during the reporting tenure, a long-awaited demand was fulfilled which not only improved health potential of users but also reduced the dropout rate.
- 3) Lessons learnt from PEDP-3 helped in designing the type and structure of water sources with provision of running water free from bacteriological contamination. This initiative dramatically reduced the problem of water logging and drainage which was encountered in PEDP-3.

A summary status of environmental safeguard document is given in Table 6 while overall performance in relation to environmental compliance is given in Table 7.

Table 6 Summary Status of Environmental Safeguard Documents

Type of safeguard document	Agency	Latest version	Coverage
Semi Annual Environmental Monitoring Report	DPHE	December/2022	July – December/2022
Maintenance Manual for Septic Tank	DPHE	October/2022	Till Date
National Standards of Water, Sanitation and Hygiene for Schools in Bangladesh	UNICEF	January/2011	Till Date
National Strategy for Water Supply and Sanitation	MoLGRD	June/2021	Till Date
Response to Covid-19 Outbreak Through Water, Sanitation and Hygiene Interventions	MoLGRD	June/2020	July/2020-December/2023
COVID-19 Exposure Prevention, Preparedness & Response Plan	DPHE	December/2020	Project Tenure
Site specific Environmental Management Plan (SEMP)	DPHE	December/2019	Project Tenure
Complain and sick register report	DPHE	December/2021	Project Tenure
OHS Plan	DPHE	December/2019	Project Tenure
Overall monitoring checklist	DPHE	December/2019	Project Tenure
Environment test report: included environmental monitoring, checklist, HSE monitoring	DPHE	December/2019	Project Tenure
National Menstrual Hygiene Management Strategy 2021	MoLGRD	June/2020	Till Date

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Table 7 Overall performance in relation to environmental compliance

No.	Aspects of Environmental issues	Aspects of Environmental issues Compliance Status			Remarks		
INO.	Aspects of Environmental issues		PC		Kemai Ks		
A.	General	rc	IC	NC			
1.	Legal working hours approval	/					
2.	Employment Record keeping arrangement	<i>y</i>					
3.	Payment Record keeping arrangement	<i>y</i>					
4.	Environment, Health and Safety Officer designated			√	No provision of fund in RDPP in favor of DPHE. However, DPHE has published an EoI to engage a designated consultant by utilizing project implementation fund for PEDP4		
5.	Provision for monthly meeting for inspection of site activities	✓					
B.	Health and Sanitation						
Occi	ipational Health						
1.	First-Aid Box availability at work sites	√					
2.	Provision of personal protection equipment's (PPEs)		√		In some instances, it is difficult to avoid situations like use of mixture machine, vibrator machine etc. during construction		
3.	Handling of cement and other hazardous materials by workers	√					
4.	Workers' complains taken care of by the supervisor	√					
5.	Children below 18 employment (Not employed)	√					
C.	Environmental Pollution						
Dust	and emission control						
1.	Construction vehicles and machineries maintained properly to reduce emissions	1					
2.	Proper storage of materials and regular watering.	√					
Nois	e Pollution						
1.	Movement of vehicles at desired hours	√					
2.	Noise control measures at sites	✓					
	er Pollution						
1.	Land filling	√					
2.	Wastes, cement, effluents and junks not disposed in water	✓					
Flor	a and Fauna						
1.	Trees and bushes outside the construction area preserved from damages	√					
2.	Disturbance to terrestrial fauna minimized	√					
	te Management		1	1			
1.	Construction wastes are removed off site regularly	√					
2.	Chemical wastes, if any, collected and disposed of properly	✓					
D.							
1.	Field Office possesses copies of EMP, contract document and Technical Specifications	J					
2.	Heavy equipment maintenance records	✓					
	TOTAL =	20	1	1			

The corrected action measures for the Partially Compliant (PC) and Non-Compliant (NC) issues presented in Table 7 are listed in Table-8 below.



construction site has

been included.

Table 8 Corrective Action Plan (July/22-December/22)

Sl. Initial Recommended Corrective Previous Due Due Date Responsibility Recent Development No. Status Action Measures Date 1. NC Designated Environment. Focal Point. November/ February/ Although there is no Health and Safety Officer at **Primary Education** 2022 2023 funding provision in DPHE Head Quarter to be Unit, DPHE RDPP. **DPHE** has appointed. Currently there is published EoI to funding provision in engage a designated RDPP to address the issue. consultant by utilizing management support cost for PEDP4. 2. PC October/2022 June/2023 Provision Personal Contractors of In the estimate DPHE Protection equipment's construction, clauses (PPEs) at construction site to covering **PPEs** at

9. Health and Safety Guidelines against COVID-19

be ensured.

COVID-19 has disrupted day to day operations in construction work but as the time progresses, our understanding of how the virus spreads has also evolved. In these uncertain times, worksite safety and health are more important than ever before. DPHE follows the rules and regulations proclaimed by the Ministry of Local Government, Rural Development and Co-operatives (MLGRD&C). On 7th May'2020, the MLGRD&C provided some instructions on a basis of emergency for the safety considerations during the pandemic situation (Attached in Appandix-5) vide memo No. 1629 on 07/05/2020. Specific COVID-19 safety guidelines which is recommended for construction workers include-

- i) The workers in construction sites have to maintain safe distance (i.e., 1m) from each other and have to wear the mask, hand gloves, gumboot, helmet etc. and no worker will be permitted in the project site without this equipment.
- ii) There should be a proper arrangement of soap and hand sanitizer in worksite and all the workers must wash hand with antiseptic soap in an interval of 1 hour and also wash their faces and hands before taking meals and after using meals.
- iii) The officials from DPHE headquarter should arrange cautionary meetings on covid-19 safety issues at district level and upazilla level with the Executive Engineer, Assistant Engineer, Sub-Assistant Engineer, and collect the updates from the construction sites about precautionary affairs through proper channel.



iv) In addition to the district level, DPHE officials should arrange meeting with School Head Masters at Upazilla level to make them informed about the safety issues for workers in the construction sites of schools as well as the special affairs due to corona pandemic.

DPHE followed the construction safety protocol during COVID-19 pandemic as outlined above. Table 9 summarizes the COVID response performance at the work sites in all the <u>344</u> completed contracts (289 for Wash block and 55 for Water Sources) during the reporting tenure.

Table 9 COVID response performance at worksite

20/40 40 0	No. of Contracts		acts	•
COVID-19 Response questions	FC	PC	N/A	Comments
Site re-opening and entry protocol				
Locate the closest medical establishment equipped with	244			
COVID -19 response facilities.	344			
Engage a full time EHS professional at site				Currently there is no fund provision in
				RDPP in favor of DPHE for addressing
			344	safeguard. However, engagement of
				consultant is under process by utilizing
				management support cost.
Purchase thermometer gun, soap, hand sanitizer,				
disinfectants and PPEs (mask, hand gloves, hard shoes	344			
etc.) and keep it at worksite office.				
Establish site entrance protocol. Redesign the site safety	244			
notices/signboards/protocol according to the ADB	344			
guidelines				
Arrange washbasin, soap and clean water at the entrance				
of every worksite/campsite. Also keep either a disinfectant tub for shoes or keep disinfectant spray that must be	344			
sprayed under the boots/hard shoes of the persons entering	344			
worksite.				
Provide every personnel working in the site with mask,				
hand gloves and hard shoes for their personal use.	344			
Everyone entering the worksite must wear a mask, gloves	244			
and hard shoes	344			
A designated EHS and medical person should stay all time				Currently there is no fund provision in
during work. The EHS/Medical person should also				RDPP in favor of DPHE for EHS/medical
monitor campsite. He/she will be in charge of ensuring			344	professional
physical distances (minimum 1m) among workers,			344	
disinfecting surfaces that are commonly used and				
investigate workers'/site personnel health and safety.				***
At the start and end of the day disinfect the total worksite.			344	Workers stay closer to the construction
				site by their own arrangement
Encourage site personnel/camp dwellers to not touch their				
eyes, mouth or nose if not washed thoroughly with soap recently. Also discourage hand shaking or hugs.	344			
Arrange a mandatory site brief on COVID awareness in				Currently there is no fund provision in
the morning. The session must be conducted by the		344		RDPP in favor of DPHE for EHS/medical
EHS/medical professional.				professional
While worksites are commonly well ventilated (if not				
make sure the work sites are well ventilated), ensure that				
the camp sites including the rooms designated for the	344			
camp dwellers are well ventilated and spacious.	344			
and a relief and the relief and spaceous.				
Before sharing common tools/machines at worksite,				In some instances, it is difficult to avoid
ensure to disinfect.		344		situations like use of mixture machine,
				vibrator machine etc. during construction
Discourage site personnel to gather and gossip at any time,				-
rather encourage physical distance while	344			
chatting/discussing.				



COVID-19 Response questions	No. o	of Contr	racts	Comments
COVID-19 Response questions	FC	PC	N/A	Comments
Restrict worksite personnel to go outside unnecessarily. Also restrict campsite personnel to go outside without any valid cause. If any person related at worksite/campsite fall victim to COVID-19 or being kept isolated for pre-caution, consider paid leave with no exception allowed.	344		344	No such event has been identified during the reporting tenure
Train workers on how to properly put on, use/wear, and take off protective clothing and equipment. The on-site EHS/Medical person should be in-charge of these trainings. These trainings must maintain the WHO's social distancing protocol. Make these trainings mandatory at worksites. Provide 10-15 minutes of a workday for such 'training and encouragement' activities.		344		Since, there is no fund provision in RDPP in favor of DPHE for EHS/medical professional training was not conducted by EHS/medical professional. However, such training has been conducted by SAE/AE of DPHE.

10. Grievance redressal status

A comprehensive grievance redressal system has been developed to address any issues generated due to the construction of wash blocks and installation of water sources in the primary schools. To address such issues, there is a designated GR committee in the DPHE Headquarter, the detail of which is given in Appendix-6. In addition, DG, DPE issued a letter Vide Memo. 18; dated March 18, 2022 to follow the instructions as stated in revised SMF. Since, no complain were raised from the concerned community, there was no issue of grievance redressal during the reporting tenure.

11. Monitoring progress report

It is fact that environmental screening report is related to the monitoring of implementation progress of environmental and social management plan. During the planning stage, all possible environmental and social safeguard issues are forecasted and related mitigation plans are included in the related contract packages. Issues related to EMP and SMP are clearly indicated in the 'Particular Conditions of Tender and Contract for Water Sources/ Wash Blocks' which is provided by default as a part of tender and contract. Following table shows the monitoring progress report of EMP during the reporting tenure.

Table 10 EMP progress monitoring

			THE TO L	Avii progre	ob momico	5									
Monitoring		Progress Detail													
Criteria															
	FY-18-19	FY-19-20	FY-20-21	FY 21-22	July'22-	Cumulative	Comment	Compliance							
					Dec'22			Status							
No. of	73/73	28/28	1251/1251	597/597	344/344	2293 /2293	During tendering,	Complied							
contracts							environmental								
that							clauses were included								
incorporated							which became part of								
environment							contract								
al clause															
Funds	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Currently there is no	N/A							
utilized for							fund provision in								



Monitoring Criteria				I	Progress De	tail		
C11.01.11	FY-18-19	FY-19-20	FY-20-21	FY 21-22	July'22- Dec'22	Cumulative	Comment	Compliance Status
addressing safeguards							DPP in favor of DPHE for addressing safeguard	
No of schools having dirty environment around water source	6/331	4/240	54/4070	88/3027	18/1668	170/9336	Lac of routine cleanliness caused dirty environment which was mitigated in all 170 schools.	Complied
Schools with drainage congestion identified and solved	2/331	2/240	28/4070	16/3027	8/1668	56/9336	Blockage in drainage system caused drainage congestion which was mitigated in all 56 schools.	Complied
No. of water points having problem with quality of water	0/331	8/240	57/4070	66/3027	39/1668	170/9336	Alternate options such as RO were utilized which mitigated the water quality problem in all 170 schools.	Complied

12. Compliance Status to ADB Loan Covenants

The compliance status to ADB loan covenants relevant to environmental safeguards is listed in Table 11.

Table 11 Compliance with ADB Loan Covenants

Serial no. as Loan Agreen	•	Program Specific Covenants	Compliance Status	Remarks
Schedule 4	10	To ensure that all program actions in the area of environmental and social safeguards are implemented in a timely and efficient manner	Complied	Semi-Annual environmental and social safeguards are implemented based on revised EMF/SMF.
	11 (a)	To ensure that no construction or rehabilitation works involve significant adverse environmental impacts that may be classified as category A under the SPS through screening.	Complied	Through the comprehensive screening it was confirmed that no adverse environmental impact as related to category A under the SPS was found.
Schedule 4	11 (b)	To ensure that the preparation, design, construction, implementation, operation, decommissioning of all activities under the program comply with all applicable laws, regulations and guidelines related to health and safety, environmental safeguard.	Complied	The applicable laws, regulations and guidelines related to the H&S and Environmental safeguard were strictly adhered.
	12	To ensure that the program does not involve any resettlement risks.	Complied	No resettlement risks were involved since the construction of wash blocks and water sources were conducted in the location owned by the primary schools.
	13	To ensure that the program does not involve any negative risks or impacts on tribes or minor races, ethnic sects and communities.	Complied	No negative risks or impacts on tribes or minor races, ethnic sects and communities were reported through the comprehensive environmental and social safeguard screening.



13. Implementation Status of CAP recommended in aide memoire

The implementation status of CAP recommended in comprehensive aide memoire is listed in Table 12.

Table 12 Implementation Status of CAP recommended in aide memoire

SI. No.	Recommended Corrective Action Measures	Implementation Status
1	All tube wells that have been built for more than one year are to be screened annually by DPHE for water quality and physical status of tube wells to ensure fixture damaged/choked up tube wells and where water quality parameters	DPHE completed the screening of 15,000 water points by Dec/2021 and currently undertaking the screening of another 25,000 water points, the list of which is made available on May 3 rd , 2022 by DPE. Please refer to section 8.10 for details.
2	The mission advised DPHE to take initiative for water treatment if deep tube wells are found contaminated with arsenic.	As mentioned in Table 4 of section 8.9, 39 water sources were found to have arsenic contamination during the reporting tenure. It can be seen from Table 2 of Appendix 7 that water treatment facilities were provided in those arsenic contaminated water sources.
3	The mission also advised DPHE to consider soak pits to mitigate water stagnation around the tube well platforms.	As mentioned in section 8.7 (3), 5 ring soak wells were installed to drain out basin water where surface drain is absent.

14. Conclusions

This study investigates the environmental safeguard concerns during the implementation of wash blocks, water points and major maintenance of wash blocks based on the approved EMF guidelines for PEDP-4. This report has presented potential environmental impacts associated with the preconstruction, construction and operation phases of the project. The environmental monitoring screening confirmed *no significant instances or issues* that may hamper or influence the environmental safety during the reporting tenure. Being an implementing agency DPHE would like to uphold this status in its ongoing and upcoming works related to infrastructure development.



Appendix-1: Sample Environmental Screening for Wash Block

6.1Environmental Screening Report for Wash Block

Name of The Project:

Fourth Primary Education Development Program (PEDP-4)

District:

Kurigram, fulbari

Upazilla: Name of School:

fulbari মণরাজপুর সরকা 107050311

School ID:

নগরাজপুর সরকারি প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয়

Type of Wash Block:

Attached

Screening Questions	Base Line	Impact without Interventio n		ct during mentation	Imp Imple	Remarks	
	Yes/No	0/+/-/N/A	0/+/-/N/A	Date of Visit	0/+/-/N/A		
Environment of Existing Facility Good?	No			3/19/2020	+	11/12/2020	
Facilities for Draining out of Water Proper?	No		-	3/19/2020	+	11/12/2020	
Any Reported Event of Spread of Pathogens?	No		9.43	3/19/2020	+	11/12/2020	
No of Existing Toilet Adequate?	No	-		3/19/2020	+	11/12/2020	
Disposal of faecal waste safe?	No			3/19/2020	+	11/12/2020	
Disposal of liquid waste safe?	No		0-0	3/19/2020	+	11/12/2020	
Availability of Hand washing Facility?	No		1.0	3/19/2020	+	11/12/2020	
Availability of Foot washing Facility?	No	-		3/19/2020	+	11/12/2020	
Availability of Running water Supply?	No			3/19/2020	+	11/12/2020	
Height of Wash Blocks Appropriate?	No		-	3/19/2020	+	11/12/2020	
Any Loss of Agricultural Land?	No	0	0	3/19/2020	0	11/12/2020	
Any Negative effect on llora/ fauna?	No	0	0	3/19/2020	0	11/12/2020	
Any provision for disabled?	No	-		3/19/2020	+	11/12/2020	
s the Wash Block user riendly?	No			3/19/2020	+	11/12/2020	
Any negative effect on ecosystem?	No	0	0	3/19/2020	0	11/12/2020	

Signature parate satelli)

(all services at services serv

Signa

Signature of Executive Engineer

মোই হারাপুর রাশিদ নির্বাহী প্রকৌশলী স্থানান্ত প্রকৌশন অবিশন্তর কৃত্যান।



Appendix-2: Sample Environmental Screening for Water Sources

Environmental Screening Report for Water Sources

District:

Meherpur

Upazilla:

Gangni

Name of School:

Pakursia Ocps

School ID:

91202020807

Type of Water Source: TSP

Screening Questions		Line		act Wi			pact Du element		ln Imp	Remarks		
	Yes	No	+		N/A	+		N/A	+		N/A	
Any Source of existing drinking water?		٧		4			V			4		
Environment of water supply facility good?		٧		٧			٧			V		
Facilities for draining out of water proper?		٧		٧			4			V		
Any reported event of sickness?		4		4			4			4		
Is the existing TW working?		٧		4			V			4		
Was the water quality tested?		٧		1			٧			4		
Are there provisions for water collection basin?		٧		. 1			4			V		
Any concern about water quality?		٧		٧			4			٧		
Is there provisions for RO filter?		٧		٧			٧			4	33.	-
Any health risk associated?		٧		V			٧			4		
Distance of existing water source from Soak Well > 10m	٧			٧			4			4		
Height & location of new water source appropriate?	٧			٧			٧			٧	110	
Any loss of agricultural land?		٧		4			4			1		
Any negative effect on flora/fauna?		٧		4			4			٧		
Any conflicts with water supply right?		٧		٧			4			٧		

Signature of SAE

Signature of AE আৰু ফালেই মোঃ মাহকুখুই রহমান সহকারী একৌশনী অনুধাপ্ত প্রকৌশন পরিদত্তর গাংগী, নেহেরপুর ।



Appendix-3: Sample water quality monitoring by DPHE zonal Lab

Government of the Pcople's Republic of Bangladesh Department of Public Health Engineering (DPHE) Office of the Senior Chemist, Zonal Lab, Sylhet.
Telephone No: 02997700537; e-mail:wqmsc_sylhetzonallab@yahoo.com

Primary Education Development Program (GPS)

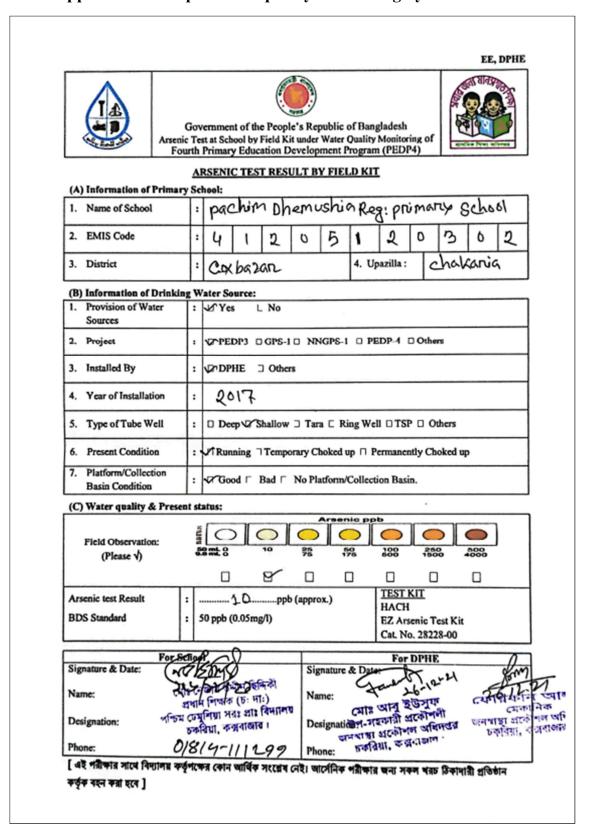
Laboratory Test Result

Remarks		. 17	Unit (mg/l								on Cilea	S LINE							
Water Quality Test Result	As (mg/L)	15	0.017	0.014	0.047	0.046	0.034	0.031	0.014	0.015	600.0	0.007	0.015	0.014	0.042	0.005	0.017	0.025	0100
Quality	Clear	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Water	Sand Clear	12	1	1		-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-
GPS	Latitude Longitude	11	91.14.39	91°23'35"	91,19,38	11.26.42	91°20'51'	91°26'09"	91-17:37	91°16'05"	91°19'14"	91°16'15"	91-35-11-	.60.9%.16	91933.01	91°34'35'	91°33'48"	91°33'35'	A10101010
5	Latitude	10	24°45'09"	24°44'36'	24,46,24" 91,19,38"	24/37/45 17:26:42"	24*48'51' 91°20'51'	24°48'15" 91°26'09"	24,41.42.	24º46'51"	24,48,44. 61,16.14.	24*47'27' 91°16'15"	24*44'41' 91°35'11'	24*47'58" 91°36'09"	2447.34 9133.01	24°49'27"	24,48,34	24,46.06.	
Name of School	name of october	6	Shyamerchar GPS	Tarol GPS	Gochia GPS	Basuri GPS	Bangalgaon GPS	Rajnao GPS	Hazaripur GPS	Chamerchar GPS	Fatemanagar GPS	Hasimpur GPS	Tegharia GPS	Kaminipur GPS	Mokrampur GPS	Rasulpur GPS	Islampur GPS	Kachurkandi GPS	000
Depth	Ē	8					0.000							8					
Type of ater Po Depth	Type	7	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	
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11.30	emzdo	6	Derai	Derai	Derai	Derai	Derai	Derai	Derai	Derai	Derai	Derai	Jogonathpur	Jogonathpur	Jogonathpur	Jogonathpur	Sunamgani Jogonathpur	Sunameani Jogonathpur	
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Appendix-4: Sample water quality monitoring by Field Test Kit





Appendix-5: Construction Guidelines by MoLGRD during COVID-19

গণপ্রজাতন্ত্রী বাংলাদেশ সবকার স্থানীয় সরকার, পট্টা উন্নয়ন ও সমবায় মন্ত্রণালয় স্থানীয় সরকার বিভাগ পাস-১ অধিশাখা। www.lgd.gov.bd



বারক নং-৪৬,০০,০০০০,০৮৩,১২,০০২,১৭(অংশ-১)-১৬২১

ভারিবঃ <u>২৪ বৈশার্থ ১৪২৭</u> ০৭ মে ২০২০

বিষয়ঃ জনস্বাস্থ্য প্রকৌশল অধিদপ্তর কর্তৃক বাস্তবায়না**ধী**ন প্রকল্পের কাজ সম্পোদনের জন্য অনুসরগীয় নির্দেশনা।

পূএঃ স্থান্সন মন্ত্রণালয়ের প্রজাপন নং- ০৫.০০.০০০০.১৭৩.০৮.০১৪.০৭-১৩৫, তারিখ: ০৪ মে ২০২০।

উপযুঁক্ত বিষয় ও সূত্রোস্থ পত্রের প্রেফিতে নির্দেশক্রমে জানানো যাছে যে, জনস্বাস্থ্য প্রকোশন অধিদন্তর কর্তৃক বাস্তবাহনাধীন প্রকল্পের কাঞ্জ সম্পাদনের জন্য নিম্নবর্গিত নির্দেশনা অনুসরণ করতে হবেঃ

- ০১) প্রকল্প এলাকায় করোনা ভাইরাস (কভিড-১৯) বিষয়ক স্বান্য্য ও পরিবার কল্যাণ মন্ত্রণালয় কর্তৃক জারিকৃত নির্দেশনা সম্বলিত সাইনবোর্ড স্থাপন করতে হবে:
- ০২) আছা বিধি আনুসরণ ও সামাজিক দুরত্ব রক্ষা করে প্রকল্পের কাজ সম্পাদন করতে হবে। প্রকল্প কাজে যে সকল শ্রমিক কাজ করবে তারা শারীরিকভাবে সুস্থ কি-না তা নির্গয়ের জন্য থার্মাল জ্যানারের মাধ্যমে তাদের শরীরের তাপমাত্রা পরীক্ষা করতে হবে:
- ০৩) ট্রাকে করে নির্মাণ সামগ্রী পরিবহন/সরবরাহের সময় ট্রাকের সামনে ব্যানারে জনস্বাস্থ্য প্রকৌশল অধিদপ্তর কর্তৃক বাজবায়নাধীন সুনির্দিষ্ট প্রকল্পের নাম উল্লেখ থাকতে হবে;
- ০৪) প্রকল্প কাজ সম্পাদনের জন্য প্রমিকদের নির্দিষ্ট পোশাক পরিধান করতে হবে এবং প্রযোজ্য ক্ষেত্রে মান্ত, হাত্তয়োজসু গামবুট, হেলমেট বাবহার করতে হবে:
- ০৫) প্রকম্ব এলাকায় নির্মাণ শ্রমিকদের জন্য সাবান পানি দিয়ে হাত ধোয়ার ব্যবস্থা থাকতে হবে। প্রয়োজনে হাতে স্যানিটাইজায় সরবরাহ করতে হবে:
- ০৬) চলমান প্রকল্প এলাকায় কার্যক্রম চলাকালীন কাজের বিবরণ সম্বলিত সাইনবোর্ড স্থাপন করতে হবে;
- ০৭) প্রকল্প কাজে নির্মাণ সংশ্লিষ্ট যন্তপাতি বাবহারের ক্ষেত্রে স্বাস্থ্য সুরক্ষার বিষয়টি নিশ্চিত করতে হতে:
- ০৮) প্রকল্প কাজে নিয়োজিত নির্মাণ শ্রমিকদের স্বাস্থ্য বিধি অনুসরণপূর্বক সামাজিক দূরক বজার রেখে নির্ধারিত নির্মাণ শেওে অবস্থান করতে হবে:
- ০৯) পাথর, সিমেণ্ট বা অন্যান্য নির্মাণ সামগ্রী এক জেলা হতে অন্য জেলায় পরিবহনের প্রয়োজন হলে সংশ্লিষ্ট জেলা প্রশাসকগণকে অবহিত করতে হবে;
- ১০) প্রযোজা ক্ষেত্রে প্রকল্পের কাও চালানোর জনা সংশ্লিট জেলা প্রশাসক/উপজেলা নির্বাহী অফিসারের অনুমতি গ্রহণ করতে হবে:

অপর পৃষ্ঠায় দৃষ্টব্য-

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- ১১) উল্লিখিত নির্দেশনা যথাযথাতাবে অনুসরণ করা হছে কিনা আ মাঠ পর্যায়ে জদারকির জন্য জনস্বাস্থ্য প্রকৌশগ অধিদপ্তর একটি কমিটি গঠন করবে। কমিটি প্রতি মাসে স্থানীয় সরকার বিভাগ বরাবর প্রতিবেদন দাখিল করবে।
- ১২) ঈদ-উল-ফিতরের দরকারি ছুটিতে সকল কর্মকর্তা-কর্মচারীকে তার স্থ-স্থ কর্মস্থলে অবস্থান করতে হবে।

মো: বাইবুল ইসলাম মুখ্যসভিব ফোন: ১৫৭৫৫৬২

প্রধান প্রকৌশলী জনস্বাস্থ্য প্রকৌশল অধিদন্তর কাকরাইল, ঢাকা।

সারক লং-৪৬,০০,০০০০,০৮৩,১২,০০২,১৭(অংশ:১)- ১৬২৯/০১(০৮)

তারিখঃ ২৪ বৈশাখ ১৪২৭ ০৭ মে ২০২০

অনুনিপিঃ (সদর অবগতির জনা)

- অতিরিক্ত সচিব (পাস), ছানীয় সরকার বিভাগ।
- ২, বিভাগীঃ কমিশনার (সকল), বিভাগ।
- ৩, মাননীয় মন্ত্রীর একান্ত সচিব, ছানীয় সরকার পল্লী উনুয়ন ও সমবায় মন্ত্রণালছ।
- 8. জেলা প্রশাসক (সকল), জেলা
- উপসচিব, বিধি-৪ শাখা, জনপ্রশাসন মন্ত্রণালয়, বংলাদেশ সচিবালয়, চাকা
- ৬. নিনিয়র সচিবের একান্ত সচিব, স্থানীয় সরকার বিভাগ।
- ৭. *কশি*পউটার পোগ্রামার, স্থানীয় সরকার বিভাগ
- ৮, অফিম কপি

মো: গাইবুল ইনলাম মুখ্যসচিব



Appendix-6: Grievance Redressal Committee of DPHE

নাম : জনাব এহতেশামুল রাসেল খান	
পদবী: তত্ত্বাবধায়ক প্রকৌশলী	
ফিজিবিরিটি স্টাডি এন্ড ডিজাইন সার্কেল	
জনস্বাস্থ্য প্রকৌশল অধিদপ্তর, ঢাকা।	অভিযোগ নিস্পত্তি কর্মকর্তা (অনিক)
ফোনঃ +৮৮ ০২ ৯৩৫০১৬৫	অফিস আদেশ
মোবাইল :+৮৮ ০১৫৫৬৩৭৭৩২০	
ইমেইলঃ se.fsdc@dphe.gov.bd	
নাম: জনাব মাহমুদ কবির চৌধুরী	
পদবী: তত্ত্বাবধায়ক প্রকৌশলী	
ভান্ডার সার্কেল, ঢাকা	
ফোনঃ +৮৮ ০২ ৯৩৩০৮০২	বিকল্প অভিযোগ নিস্পত্তি কর্মকর্তা (বিকল্প অনিক)
মোবাইল :+৮৮ ০১৭১৫০৬১০১৫	অফিস আদেশ
ইমেইলঃ se.store@dphe.gov.bd	
নামঃ মোঃ কামাল হোসেন	
পদবিঃ যুগাসচিব (পলিসি সাপোর্ট অধিশাখা)	আপিল কর্মকর্তা
ই-মেইলঃ psbr@lgd.gov.bd	
মোবাইলঃ ০১৭১৬১৪৮৪৭৯	
ফোন (অফিস) ০২৫৫১০০৮৭২	



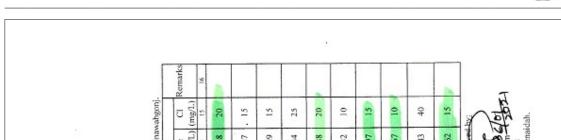
Appendix-7: Water Quality Report of Unacceptable Water Sources

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				Test Result	74 (15 T5	0.066	0.077	0.000	0.091	280.0	0.062	0000	0.087	0.055	0.058	0.044	0.029	0.024	0.059	0.064	0.054	0.056	0.063	160.0		
				Test	74 (mg/L)	2.7	1.3	6.1	9.1	6.5	1.7	7.7	2.6	2.0	1.7	1,4	3.3	2.1	2.1	1.3	1.9	2.1	4.5	9.1	-3)	
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	ahoo.cor			155	10	.60	24,44.36		-	-	24°48'15"		24"46 51 5		1	24°48"29"	24"46"47" 9	24946715"	2447.58	24947.34" 9	24°49'27' 9	24°48'24"	24°49'09"	24*47'14" 9		
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	Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh Department of Public Health Engineering (DPHE) Office of the Senior Chemist, Zonal Lab, Sylhet. Telephone No: 0211100237; e-maitwqmsc_sylhetzonallab@yahoo.com	Primary Education Development Program (GPS)	Laboratory Test Result	Name of School	0	Sliyamerchar GPS	Tarol GPS	Gochia GPS	Basuri GPS	Bangalgaon GPS	Rajnao GPS	Hazaripur Ors	Charmerchar GPS Enternangen GPS	Hasimour GPS	Tegharia GPS	Ghurangaon GPS	Chikka GPS	Dakishn Habibpur GPS	Kaminipur GPS	Mokrampur GPS	Rasulpur GPS	Islampur GPS	Kachurkandi GPS	Mirpur GPS		
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	vernment Departme Office of phone No:	Primary E		Ω	en	603079046	106060109	901090304	601090707	909060109	601090714	001000100	601090311	105060109	601100705	6011001109	601100408	601100403	601109004	601100217	601100207	601100214	601100313	100001109		
	Go Jee			Village	7	Shyamerchar	Tarol	Gochia	Basuri	Bangalgaon		T	Charmerchar					Sunamganj Jogonathpur Dakishn Habibpur		Mokrampur	Rasulpur		Kachurkandi	Mirpur		
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Water Quality	ro clear	-	-	1		Ī	_	-	-	-	-	Md				*
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Opzilia	8	Jogonathpur	Jogonathpur	Jogonathpur	Jogonathpur	Jogonathpur	Jogonathpur	Jogonathpur	Jogonathpur	ogonathpur	ogonathpur	Md. Abdul Laif Sample Analyzer DPHE Zonal Laboratory Sylhet.				
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SINO	-	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30					







Water Test Report of PEDP-04 Project

Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh Office of the Senior Chemist Department of Public Health Engineering (DPHE) Zonal Laboratory, Shahid Masiur Rahman Road, Jhenaidah. Phone; 0451-61416, Fax.; Email: wqmsc_jhenaidahzonallab@yahoo.com	
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ngir, Ch	Water Quality	As Fe (mg/L) (mg/L)	13	0.145	0.053	0.030	0.053	0.091	0.027	0.114	0.082	0.021	0.084	Countersigned/Approved by
ah Alan	Wa	Clear (13	Clear	Clear	Clear	Clear	Clear	Clear	Clear	Clear	Clear	Clear	untersig
Md. Sh		Sand	П	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	a
Contactor : Md. Shah Alamgir, Chapainawabgonj		GPS Reading	10	N: 23°31'27.10'' E: 88°54'59.60''	N: 23°31'8.10'' E: 88°50'48.60''	N: 23°34'29,50" E: 88°56'42,30"	N: 23°31'33.88" E: 88°52'15.47"	N: 23°31'43.64" E: 88°51'05.44"	N: 23°30'09,44" E: 88°55'10.63"	N: 23°38'19,30" E: 88°50'06.90"	N: 23°34'18.01" E: 88°51'22.09"	N: 23°38'14.80" E: 88°50'50.80"	N: 23°35'25.10" E; 88°56'16.60"	
Package No.:		Name Of School	6	Gabargara Govt. Primary School	Horishpur Govt, Primary School	Nobinnagar Govt. Primary School	Begumpur Govt, Primary School	11.28 Kotali Govt, Primary School	Sharabaria Govt, Primary School	Kedargonj Govi. Primary School	Nehalpur Govt, Primary School	Rejia Khatun Provati Govt, Primary School	108.23 Sarajgonj Govt. Primary School	Sample Analyzed by:
Pack	int	Depth (M)	×	108.23	108.23	106.71	92'601	111.28	109.76	109.71	103.66	16.571	108.23	Sample
	Water Point	Type	7	Drw (Sub-Mer.)	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	Sub-Mer.)	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	
020	Type	of School	9	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	10
date: 20/08/2		≘	5	203040201	203040302	203040503	203040601	203040604	203040703	203040103	203040607	203040112	203040501	
4.004.15-205:		Village/Ward	*	Gabargara	Horishpur	Nobinnagar	Begumpur	Kotali	Sharabaria	Kedargonj	Nehalpur	Ward No09	Sarajgonj	<u> </u>
Work order No. 46.03.1800.061.14.004.15-205: date: 20/08/2020		Upazilla	9	Chuadanga Sadar	Chuadanga Sadar	Chuadanga Chuadanga Sadar	Chuadanga Sadar	Chuadanga Sadar	Chuadanga Chuadanga Sudar	Chuadanga Chuadanga Sadar	Chuadanga Chuadanga Sadar	Chuadanga Chuadanga Sadar Ward No09 203040112	Chuadanga Sadar	Sample Collected by
'ork order No		District	2	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	
3	3	ž Š	-	20	2	m	4	S	9	7	90	0	01	





Semi-Annual	Environmental	Monitoring Report

Zonal Laboratory, Shahid Masiur Rahman Road, Jhenaidah. Phone: 0451-61416, Fax.; Email: wqmsc_jhenaidahzonallab@yahoo.com Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh Department of Public Health Engineering (DPHE) Office of the Senior Chemist



Water Test Report of PEDP-4 Project

j.	_	Remark	16										
rogdawr		As Fe Cl (mg/L) (mg/L) (mg/L)	15	15	40	30	15	20	13	9	20	15	15
hapaina	ality	Fe (mg/L)	14	80.0	0.02	0.03	68'0	1.89	0.02	0.02	1.91	2.47	2.13
amgir, C	Water Quality	As (mg/l.)	13	0.008	Clear 0.010	0.007	0.168	0.001	0.003	900'0	0.025	0.052	0.017
hah Al	=	Sand Clear	12	Clear	Clear	Free Clear 0.007	Free Clear	Free Clear 0.001	Free Clear	Free Clear	Clear	Free Clear	Clear
: Md. S		Sand	=	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free		Frec	Free	Free	Free
Contactor: Md. Shah Alamgir, Chapainawabgonj.		GPS Reading	10	N: 23°48'30.51" E: 88°52'22.0"	N: 23°44'58.7" E: 88°51'05.6"	N: 23°43'10.5" E: 88°59'55.6"	N: 23°39'40.2" E: 88°54'49.2"	N: 23°45°25.7" E: 88°56'07.7"	N: 23°44'02.21'' E: 88°53'29.30''	N: 23°45'09.5" E: 88°51'35.4"	N: 23°43'04,1" E: 88°52'30,2"	N: 23°41'11.5" E: 88°50'58.1"	N: 23°43'14.61" Free Clear 0.017
Package No.:		Name Of School	6	Baiddonathpur Hardi Govt. Primary School	106.71 Ramnagar Govt. Primary School	Hogladari Govt. Primary School	Ishak Ali Mondal Sonatonpur Govt, Primary School	Alamdanga Poura Bus Terminal Govt. Primary School	Gopalnagar Adarsha Govt, Primary School	08.23 Anupnagar Govt. Primary School	109.76 Goalbari Govt. Primary School	Battapara Shialmary A.G. Girls' Govt. Primary School	108.23 Rangpur Jugirhuda Govt. Primary School
	oint	Depth (M)	00	106.71	106.71	91.46	91.46	92.99	108.23	108.23	109.76	108.23	108.23
	Water Point	Type	7	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	DTW (Sub-Mer.)
8/2020	Type of School		9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-
4,004,15-205; date: 20/08/2020		Ω	s	203010211	203010501	203019013	203011581	203012306	203019010	203019022	203010404	203010611	203011524
		Village/Ward	4	Chuadanga Alamdanga Baiddonathpur 203010211	Ramnagar	Hogladari	Sonatonpur	Ward No 07 203012306	Gopalnagar	Anupnagar	Goalbari	Batiapara	Jugirhuda
Work order No. 46.03.1800.061.		Upazilla	3	Alamdanga	Alamdanga	Alamdanga	Alamdanga	Alamdanga	Alamdanga	Alamdanga	Alamdanga	Alamdanga	Alamdanga
irk order No.		District	2	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	10 Chuadanga Alamdanga
We		is S	-	-	7	10	4	8	9	7	90	6	10



Md. Moniruzzaman Sample Analyzer DPHE, Zonal Lab, Jhenaidah.

Md. Nazzul Islam 200 Junior Chemist DPHE, Zonal Lab, Jhenaidah.

Md. Nazrul Islam 202 Junior Chemist DPHE, Zonal Lab, Jhenaidah.

Countersigned/Appro-

Sample Analyzed by:



DPHE, Zonal Lab, Jhenaidah

Md. Nazul Islam 70 Junior Chemist DPHE, Zonal Lab, Jhemaidah.

Md. Moniruzzaman Sample Analyzer DPHE , Zonal Lab, Jhenaidah

Water Test Report of PEDP-4 Project

						Water Point	oint				š	Water Quality	ility		
is S	District	Upazilla	Village/Ward	Ω	Type of School	Type	Depth	Name Of School	GPS Reading	Sand Clear	_	As Fe			Remarks
			Contraction of the Contraction o				(W			-	+	17.00		1	7.
	2	3	4	8	9	7	*	6	10	=	2	2	4	13	9
-	Chuadanga	Chuadanga Alamdanga	Shibpur	203011524	-	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	109.76	Kanainagar Shibpur Govt. Primary School	N: 23°43'32.8" E: 88°49'54.2"	Free	Free Clear	60000	9.09	20	
12	Chuadanga	Chuadanga Alamdanga	Baro Boalia	203019201	-	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	109.76	109.76 Baro Boalia Govt. Primary School	N: 23°49'35.8" E: 88°52'0.40"	Free	Free Clear	0.005	0.55	25	
2	Chuadanga	Chuadanga Alamdanga	Baradi	203019020	-	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	108.23	Baradi Purbapara Abeda Khatun Govt. Primary School	N: 23°44'20,6" E: 88°53'40,6"	Free	Free Clear	0.002	1.10	25	
4	Chuadanga	Chuadanga Alamdanga Jagonnat	Jagonnathpur	203019021	-	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	106.71	Jagonnathpur Mathpara Govt. Primary School	N: 23°46'44,7" E: 88°58'24.1"	Free	Free Clear	0.001	0.12	01	
T			Duration			DTW			N: 23°42'38.3"	-		0000	4 40	200	
15	Chuadanga	Chuadanga Alamdanga	Panchilia	203010905	-	(Sub-Mer.)	91.46	91.46 Puraton Panchlia Govt. Primary School	E:88°58'52.5"	Pree	Clear	0.083	2.28	1/2	
91	Chuadanga	Chuadanga Alamdanga	_	203011004	-	DTW (Sub-Mer.)		106.71 Balyarpur Govt. Primary School	N: 23°40'33.6" E: 88°54'48.2"	Free	Free Clear	0.001	0.56	15	
17	Chuadanga	Chuadanga Alamdanga	Parlaxmipur	203011101	-	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	103.66	103.66 Parlaxmipur Govt, Primary School	N: 23°37'55.3" E: 88°57'54.8"	Free	Free Clear	0.001	0.22	40	
99	Chuadanga	Chuadanga Alamdanga	Balarampur	203011205	-	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	106.71	106.71 Balarampur Govt. Primary School	N: 23°47'07.0" E: 88°57'03.0"	Free	Clear	0.004	1.32	25	
2	Chuadanga	Chuadanga Alamdanga	Rail	203019007	-	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	105.18	105.18 Rail Jagonnathpur Govt, Primary School	N: 23°47'21.6" E: 88°57'58.8"	Free	Clear	900'0	0.12	15	
20	Chuadanga	Chuadanga Alamdanga	-	203019016	-	DTW 106.71 (Sub-Mer.)	106.71	Mokamtola Burapara Govt, Primary School	N: 23°38'41.5" E: 88°55'28.9"	Free	Free Clear	0.001	0.24	25	



	- 6	9	∞	7	6	U,	4	(us	2	-	-	No.	0	Wo	De
Sa M DPHE	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	Chuadanga	6	District		ork order No	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
Sample Collected by Md. Monitruzzaman Sample Analyzer DPHE , Zonal Lab , Ihenaidah	Alamdanga	Alamdanga	Alamdanga	Alamdanga	Alamdanga	Alamdanga	Alamdanga	Alamdanga	Alamdanga		u	Upazilla		. 46.03.1800.0	0
man henaidah.	Jugirhuda	Batiapara	Goalbari	Anupnagar	Gopalnagar	Alamdanga Ward No 07	Sonatonpur	Hogladari	Ramnagar	Alamdanga Baiddonathpur 203010211	٥	Village/Ward		Work order No. 46.03.1800.061.14.004.15-205; date : 20/08/2020	
DPHE	203011524	203010611	203010404	203019022	203019010	203012306	203011581	203019013	203010501	203010211	0			205: date : 20	
dd. Moniruzzama Sample Analyzer , Zonal Lab, Jher	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	School School	7	08/2020	Pho
Md. Moniruzzaman Sample Analyzer DPHE, Zonal Lab, Jhenaidah.	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	(Sub-Mer.)	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	(Sub-Mer.)	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	(Sub-Mer.)	(Sub-Mer.)	(Sub-Mer.)	DTW (Sub-Mer.)	(Sub-Mer.)	7	Туре		Water	Departn Zonal Labo ne: 0451-61
1	108.23	108.23	109.76	108.23	108.23	92.99	91.46	91.46	106.71	106.71	00	Depth (M)	Water Point	Test	Office nent of ratory, ! 416, Fa
Sample Analyzed by: Md. Nazzul Islam 72 Junior Chemist DPHE, Zonal Lab, Jhenaidah	108.23 Rangpur Jugirhuda Govt. Primary School	Batiapara Shialmary A.G. Girls' Govt. Primary School	Goalbari Govt, Primary School	Anupnagar Govt. Primary School	Gopalnagar Adarsha Govt. Primary School	Alamdanga Poura Bus Terminal Govt. Primary School	Primary School	Hogladari Govt. Primary School	106.71 Ramnagar Govt. Primary School	Baiddonathpur Hardi Govt. Primary School	9	Name Of School		Water Test Report of PEDP-4 Project Package No.:	Office of the Senior Chemist Department of Public Health Engineering (DPHE) Zonal Laboratory, Shahid Masiur Rahman Road, Jhenaidah. Phone: 0451-61416, Fax.; Email: wqmsc_jhenaidahzonallab@yahoo.com
	N: 23°43'14.61" E: 88°52'01.10"	N: 23°41'11.5" E: 88°50'58.1"	N: 23°43'04.1" E: 88°52'30.2"	N: 23°45'09.5" E: 88°51'35.4"	N: 23°44'02.21'' E : 88°53'29.30''	N: 23°45'25.7" E: 88°56'07.7"	E: 88*54*49.2**	N: 23°43'10.5" E: 88°59'55.6"	N: 23°44'58,7" E: 88°51'05.6"	N: 23°48'30.51" E: 88°52'22.0"	10	GPS Reading		Contactor : Md. Shah Alemgir, Chapainawabgoni,	ahoo.com
Cou	Free (Free	Free (Free (Free	Free (Free (Free (Free (Free (11	Sand (: Md. SI	
Md. N Junia	Clear 0	Clear 0	Clear 0	Clear 0	Clear 0	Clear 0	Clear 0	Clear 0	Clear 0	Clear 0	12	Clear (n	Wa	iah Alar	
Countersigned/Approved by Md. Nazrul Islam Junior Chemist DPHE, Zonal Lab, Jhenaida	0.017 2	0.052	0.025	0.006	0.003	0.001	0.168	0.007	0.010.0	0.008	13	As ng/L) (n	Water Quality	ngir, Ch	
Countersigned/Approved by: Md. Nazzul Islam Junior Chemist DPHE, Zonal Lab, Jhenaidah,	2.13	2.47	1.91	0.02	0.02	1.89	0.89	0.03	0.02	80.0	14	(C)	Cy.	painawa	
N. P.	15	15	20	10	5	20	5	20	40	15	15		-	bgonj.	
											91	Remarks			



Table 1 - List of Unacceptable Water Sources where mitigation measures were considered

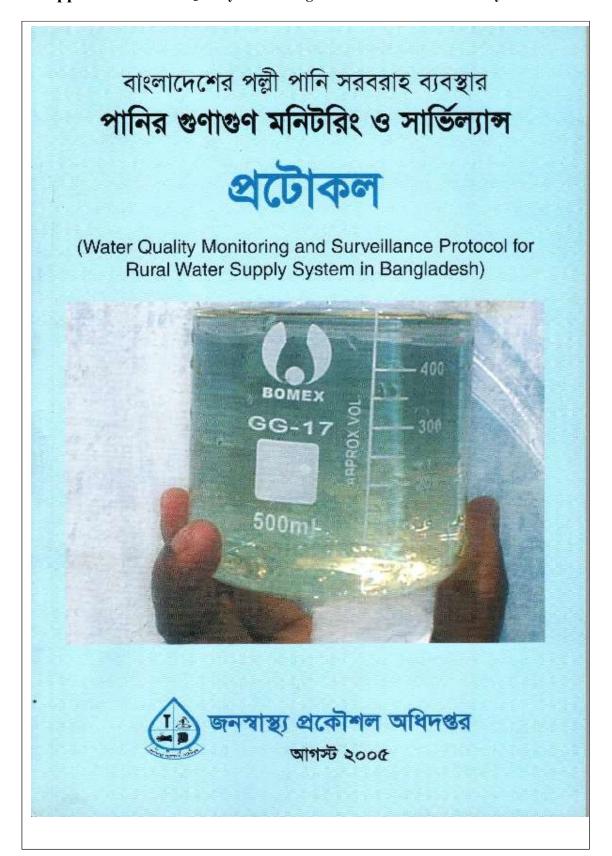
SL				Т	est Resu	lt		Suggested	Afte	r interven	tion
No	District	Name of School	EMIS Code	As	Fe	Cl	Remark	Option	As	Fe	Cl
1	Sunamganj	Shyamerchar GPS	603079046	0.066	2.7	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.017</td><td><loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.017	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
2	Sunamganj	Tarol GPS	601090901	0.077	1.3	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.014</td><td><loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.014	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
3	Sunamganj	Gochia GPS	901090304	0.099	1.9	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.047</td><td><loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.047	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
4	Sunamganj	Basuri GPS	601090707	0.091	1.6	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.046</td><td><loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.046	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
5	Sunamganj	Bangalgaon GPS	601090605	0.08	6.5	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.034</td><td>1.85</td><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.034	1.85	<loq< td=""></loq<>
6	Sunamganj	Rajnao GPS	601090714	0.062	1.7	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.031</td><td><loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.031	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
7	Sunamganj	Hazaripur GPS	601090504	0.07	2.2	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.014</td><td><loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.014	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
8	Sunamganj	Charnerchar GPS	601090311	0.059	1.5	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.015</td><td>2.50</td><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.015	2.50	<loq< td=""></loq<>
9	Sunamganj	Fatemanager GPS	601090308	0.087	2.6	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.009</td><td><loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.009	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
10	Sunamganj	Hasimpur GPS	601090501	0.055	2.9	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.007</td><td><loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.007	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
11	Sunamganj	Tegharia GPS	601100705	0.058	1.7	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.015</td><td><loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.015	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
12	Sunamganj	Kaminipur GPS	601109004	0.06	1.3	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.014</td><td><loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.014	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
13	Sunamganj	Mokrampur GPS	601100217	0.054	1.9	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.042</td><td><loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.042	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
14	Sunamganj	Rasulpur GPS	601100207	0.056	2.1	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.005</td><td><loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.005	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
15	Sunamganj	Islampur GPS	601100214	0.056	2.2	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.017</td><td><loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.017	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
16	Sunamganj	Kachurkandi GPS	601100313	0.063	4.5	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.025</td><td><loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.025	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
17	Sunamganj	Mirpur GPS	601100301	0.091	1.6	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.018</td><td><loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.018	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
18	Sunamganj	Sanuakhai GPS	601109001	0.06	3.8	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.019</td><td><loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.019	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
19	Sunamganj	Chand Buyalia GPS	601109001	0.074	2.8	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.025</td><td><loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.025	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
20	Sunamganj	Karimpur GPS	601100303	0.076	2.5	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.027</td><td><loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.027	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>



SL	D	N 60 1 1	EMIS Codo	Т	est Resu	lt	D 1	Suggested	Afte	r interven	tion
No	District	Name of School	EMIS Code	As	Fe	Cl	Remark	Option	As	Fe	C1
21	Sunamganj	Syeidpur GPS	601100709	0.074	1.7	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.022</td><td><2.40</td><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.022	<2.40	<loq< td=""></loq<>
22	Sunamganj	Poshim Syeidpur GPS	601100701	0.067	1.5	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.015</td><td><loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.015	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
23	Sunamganj	Abdul Khalik GPS	601100703	0.076	1.4	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.012</td><td><loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.012	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
24	Sunamganj	Kamarkhal GPS	601101581	0.072	1.2	<loq< td=""><td>not acceptable</td><td>RO Filter</td><td>0.006</td><td><loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<></td></loq<>	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.006	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
25	Chuadanga	Rajapur GPS	203040114	0.078	4.28	35	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.006	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
26	Chuadanga	Jhajri GPS	203040303	0.078	2.74	15	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.006	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
27	Chuadanga	Shisukallan GPS	203040809	0.085	2.02	10	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.006	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
28	Chuadanga	Gabargara GPS	203040201	0.145	5.38	20	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.006	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
29	Chuadanga	Kotali GPS	203040604	0.091	4.88	20	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.006	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
30	Chuadanga	Kdeargonj GPS	203040607	0.082	2.67	10	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.006	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
31	Chuadanga	Nehalpur GPS	203040607	0.087	2.67	10	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.006	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
32	Chuadanga	Sarajgonj GPS	203040501	0.084	2.62	15	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.006	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
33	Chuadanga	Ishak Ali Mondal Sonatonpur GPS	203011581	0.168	0.89	15	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.006	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
34	Chuadanga	Puraton Panchlia GPS	203040905	0.083	3.28	20	not acceptable	RO Filter	0.006	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
35	Brahmanbaria	Khatinga GPS	405011901	0.003	4.86	625	not acceptable	RO Filter	<0.001	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
36	Brahmanbaria	Araisidha GPS	405011202	0.101	3.6	97	not acceptable	RO Filter	<0.001	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
37	Brahmanbaria	Araishidha (south) GPS	405011405	0.006	4.33	27	not acceptable	RO Filter	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""><td><loq< td=""></loq<></td></loq<>	<loq< td=""></loq<>
38	Brahmanbaria	Mslondapur GPS	405070208	0.008	4.66	71	not acceptable	RO Filter	< 0.001	1.85	<loq< td=""></loq<>



Appendix-8: Water Quality Monitoring and Surveillance Protocol by DPHE





পরিশিষ্ট ১-৭ মূলে নির্দেশ করা হয়েছে। নির্বাচিত ক্রিটিক্যাল রাসায়নিক (critical chemical) পারিমিটারসমূহ নিরে বর্ণনা করা হলো।

আর্সেনিক

১৯৯৩ সালে ভূ-গর্ভস্থ পানিতে আর্সেনিক দ্যাণের বিষয়টি উদ্ধাটিত হওয়ার পর থেকে বাংলাদেশের ২৭০ টি উপজেলার অগতীর নলক্পসম্হে বিভিন্ন মানায় আর্সেনিক দ্যাপসংঘটিত হয়েছে। আর্সেনিক দৃষিত পানি ব্যথারে করে জনবাস্থ্য পুঁকির সম্মুখীন হয়, যা জনগণের মাঝে করেক বছরের মধ্যে আর্সেনিকেসিস (arsenicosis) এর লক্ষণ হিসেবে প্রকাশ পাবে, এবং আভাজরীণ ও চর্ম ক্যানসারও হতে পারে। বাংলাদেশে আর্সেনিকই একমাঞ্জাবারনিক যৌগ যার ফলে সাহারে প্রতি মারাভাক প্রতিজ্যা দেখা দিয়েছে।

নিয়মিত স্নাব্যেটরী প্রযুক্ত ব্যবহারের মাধ্যমে পানিতে আর্সেনিকের মাত্রার ভিত্তিতে বিশ্ব স্বাস্থ্য সংখ্যর গাইত লাইনে (৩র সংক্ষরণ) পানীয় জলের ০,০১ মিলিপ্রাম (১০ মাইত্রোগ্রাম/নিটার) আর্সেনিকের উপস্থিতি নির্ধারণ করেছে। বাংলাদেশে বর্তমানে আর্সেনিকের ট্যাভার্ত মান প্রতি লিটারে ০,০৫ মিলিপ্রাম বা ৫০ মাইত্রোগ্রাম

ক্লোৱাইড বা লবণাক্ততা (chloride)

বাংলাদেশের উপক্ষীয় অঞ্চলের অগভীর নলক্পসমূহে উচ্চ মাত্রাহ তার লবণান্ততা বথেছে। লবণান্ততা অনুপ্রবেশের কারণে বাংলাদেশে অগভীর পানিন্তরে লবনান্ততা অনুশঃ বাড়ছে। তবে গভীর নলকুপসমূহে সাধারনতঃ কম মাত্রর লবগান্ততা বিষয়ে পানির ধর্ণাধ্র বিষয়ক বিশ্ব সাস্থ্য সংস্থার গাইত লাইনে (৩য় সংস্করণ) স্বাস্থাগত কোন গাইও লাইন মান প্রভিষ্টা করা হয়নি তারে সক্ষনীয় যে, প্রতি লিটারে ২৫০ মিলিগ্রাম মাত্রার (বদী লবণান্ততা পানীয় জলের স্বাদ এবং গ্রহণযোগ্যতার প্রভাব ফেলে। ক্লোরাইত থেকে উত্তত স্বাদ সংযুক্ত কেশনের (cation) উপর নির্তরশীল এবং সোভিয়াম, পটিশিয়াম এবং কালিশিয়াম ক্লোরাইভের মাত্রা প্রতি লিটার পানিতে ২০০ থেকে ৩০০ মিলিগ্রাম ক্লোরাইভ গ্রহণযোগ্য এবং উপক্ষীয় অক্ষলে ভাল কোন উৎস না ধাননে প্রতি লিটারে ১০০০ মিলিগ্রাম প্রযুক্ত করা যাত্র।

আয়রন বা লৌহ (iron)

পানীয় জনে সাধারপভাবে শাক্ষণীয় আয়রন বা লৌবের উপস্থিতি সাস্থ্যের প্রনা উদ্ধেশের বিষয় নহে। যদিও এর নিনাতর মামার দূষণে পানির চেহ'রা ও স্বাদে প্রভাব ফেলে। পানীয় প্রপের ওপাপ্তণ বিষয়ক বিশ্ব সাস্থ্য সংখ্যর পাইভ শাইনে (২য় সংক্ষরণ)-এ প্রতি বিটার পানিতে আয়রনের সাময়িক গাইত মাইন মান ০,০৩ মিলিগ্রাম নির্ধারণ করা ব্যাহ্যেই। ৩বে এর ৩য় সংক্ষরণে আয়রনের জন্য কোন গাইভ মাইন মান নির্ণয় করা হয়নি।

বাংলাদেশের অনেক অঞ্চলে আয়রনের উপস্থিতি গ্রহনযোগ্য সীমার চেয়ে বেশী। তাই কান্তিগত উদ্দেশ্যে কুন্র আয়রন দূরীকরণ ইউনিট (mini iron removal units, IRU)-এর মাধ্যমে আয়রন দূরীকরণের চেষ্টা করা হয়। বাংলাদেশ ষ্ট্যাভার্ড অনুযায়ী পানীয় জলে আয়রনের উপস্থিতি হলো ৩,৩-১,৩মিলিগ্রাম / লিটার । পন্তী অঞ্চলে যেখানে পানির বিকল্প কোন উৎস নেই, সেখানে প্রতি লিটারে ৫,০ মিলিগ্রাম পর্যন্ত অয়রনের উপস্থিতিও গ্রহণযোগ্য বলে বিবেচিত হয়। ও সীমা বেছে গোলে আয়রন দুরীকরণ ইউনিট (iron removal unit) স্থাপন করা প্রয়োজন।

ম্যাঙ্গানিজ (manganese)

পানীই জন সংস্থীয় বিশ্ব সাহ্য সংস্থার পাইড লাইনে (২০০৪) প্রতি লিটারে ০.৪ মিলিগ্রাম ম্যাসানিজের উপস্থিতি সামায়িকভাবে সাহ্যুপত পাইড লাইন মান হিসেবে গ্রহণ করা হয়েছে। পানি সরবরাহে প্রতি লিটারে ০.১ মিলিগ্রামের অধিক মাত্রায় এগ্রপানিজের উপস্থিতি থাকালে কোমল পানীয়তে অনাকাঞ্জিত প্রান এবং কাপড় চোপতে ও থালা বাদনে দাপ সৃষ্টি করে। বংলাদেশ স্থাত্রতি অনুযায়ী পানীয় জলে ম্যাসানিজের উপস্থিতি হলো ০.১ মিলিগ্রাম / লিটার।



Appendix-9: Photo logs depicting waste management



(a) Cleaning preparation of septic tank by using vaccu-truck at Gaibandha



(b) Cleaning of septic tank by using automatic vaccu-truck at Gaibandha